# Educating Inpatient Registered Nurses On Ways to Provide Comprehensive Smoking Cessation Counseling

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## Background

- Tobacco use causes cancer, heart disease, stroke, lung diseases, respiratory infections and more<sup>1</sup>
- Nearly 38 million adults in the US smoke cigarettes<sup>2</sup>
  - 16 million people suffer from at least one disease caused by smoking<sup>3</sup>
- Smoking-related illnesses in the United States alone cost more than \$300 billion each year<sup>4</sup>
- In Baltimore City, 33% of residents reported being current smokers<sup>5</sup>
- Seven out of ten current adult cigarette smokers in the United States have expressed a desire to quit<sup>6</sup>

## Clinical Problem

• Patients who are identified as smokers are not receiving smoking cessation counseling when admitted to Adult Inpatient Units

## Aims

#### Increase:

- Nurse knowledge and awareness of the Smoking Cessation Support Teaching Plan
- Nurse use of the Smoking Cessation Support Teaching Plan
- Nurse comfort with use of the Smoking Cessation Support Teaching Plan

## Methods

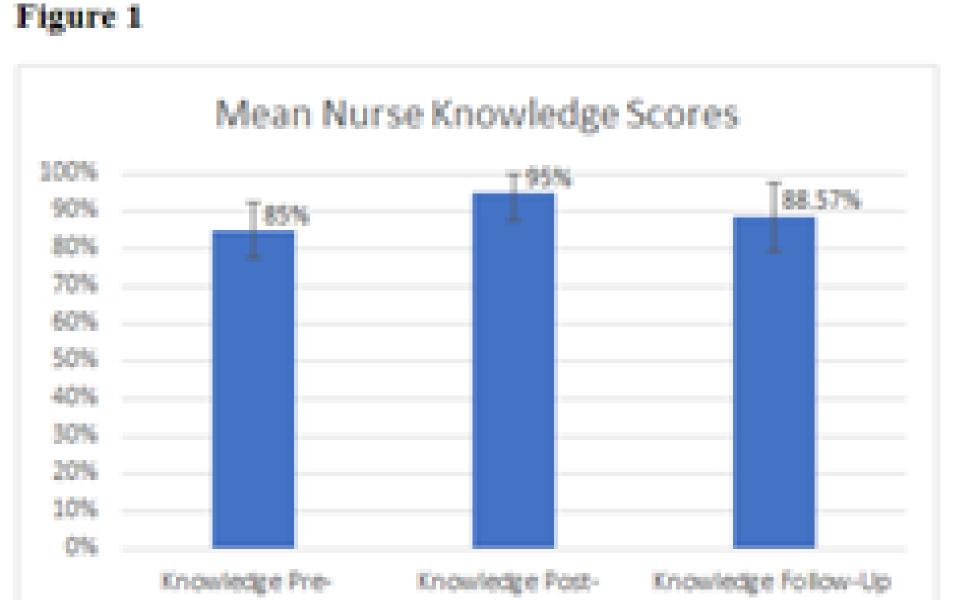
- Design: quality improvement project utilizing:
  - Retrospective chart review
  - Pre-intervention and 2 post-intervention surveys
- Sample: 41 registered nurses on the unit
- Setting: an adult inpatient medicine unit at an urban academic medical center in the northeast
- Intervention: 10-minute virtual learning module which included information about:
  - Risks of smoking
  - Benefits of quitting smoking
  - Assigning and resources available within the Smoking Cessation Support Teaching Plan
  - The hospital's tobacco use policies

## Results

Table 1	
Participant demographics from survey (N=19)	the pre-intervention

	Mean (SD)
Age	32.53 (9.60)
	и (%)
Gender	
Female	19 (100)
Race	
Asian	7 (36.84)
White	5 (26.32)
Black	5 (26.32)
American Indian	1 (5.26)
Latino	1 (5.26)
Years of nursing experience	
0-5 years	13 (68.42)
11-15 years	4 (21.05)
>20 years	2 (10.53)

- Knowledge: increase immediately following the intervention (significant) and at 8-weeks (Figure 1)
- Use: no nurse use of the teaching plan during the project period (Table 2)
- Comfort: increase immediately after the intervention and at 8-weeks (Figure 2)



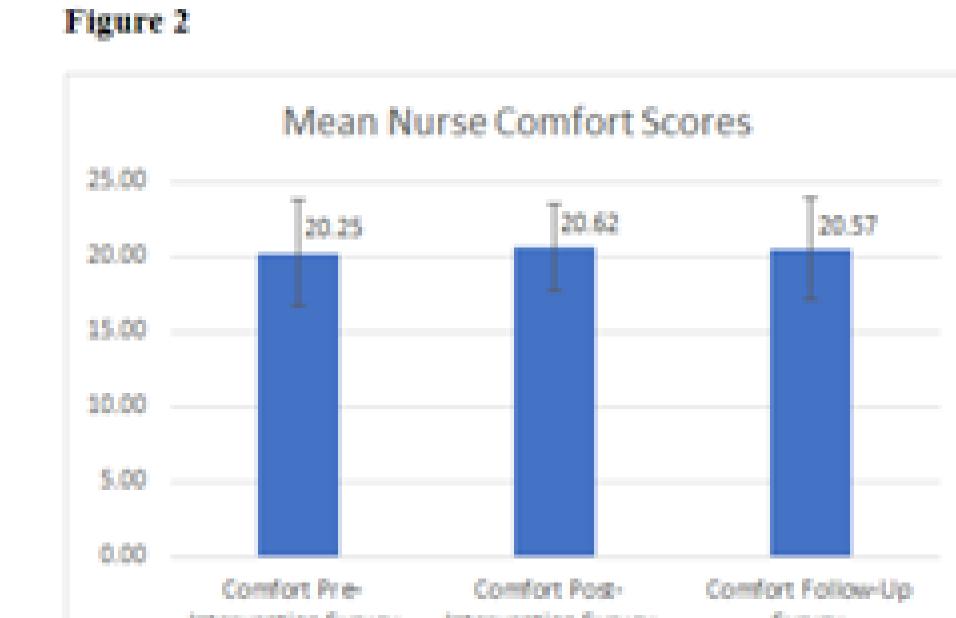


Table 2

Nurse use of the Smoking Cessation Support Teaching Plan

	Number of Smoking Cessation Support Teaching Plans Initiated/Completed
3 Months Prior to the Intervention Period	0
During the Intervention Period	0
3 Months After the Intervention Period	0

## Conclusion

- Inpatient registered nurses face barriers that prevent them from providing smoking cessation education and counseling
- Programs designed for nurses including smoking cessation educational modules are valuable tools that have the potential to improve overall population health

## Recommendations

- Distribute learning modules to units not using Crisis Documentation (teaching plan use is not required)
- Change nurse perception
- Routine education/reinforcement
- Incorporate the multidisciplinary team
  - Encourage PCP's to reinforce smoking cessation counseling and education